

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 10, 1884.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

NEVER!
NEVER!
NEVER!

Never before had the public an opportunity offered to secure a nice

Cloak & Wrap

For such little money, as we are offering them now. The depressed condition of trade caused the failure of

Harzfeld, Friend & Co.,

Cloak manufacturers, Chicago, Ill. Their stock, valued at \$150,000, was turned over to an assignee.

Louis Wolf & Co.,

Wish to inform the public, that they purchased very heavy and purchased for

SPOT CASH.

We also took the advantage to buy a lot of fine

Imported Carments

from the bankrupt stock of a large Berlin Cloak House for less than 50 cts. on the dollar. The goods have partially arrived and the balance will be in to-morrow, with the view to turn them into money again in the quickest possible time, we marked them with a small living profit. Hurry up now, if you wish to secure a Cloak for 50 cts. on the dollar. Every body is invited to attend this rare Chance Sale. Respectfully,

LOUIS WOLF & CO.,

54 Calhoun Street.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Domestic Patterns.

The Fashionable Tailor
RABUS,
16 West Berry St.,
Where can be found the Finest and Latest Styles of Suits and Overcoatings in the city, at reasonable prices.
FIT GUARANTEED. CALL ON RABUS.
Says Dr. Hall.

ON NOVEMBER 1st.

BOND AND NIESCHANG

—WILL OPEN AT—

708 CALHOUN ST., (Exon's Block)

with a fresh stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES,

Perfumery, Cigars, Tobacco, Stationery, etc.

PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT.

Prescriptions Skillfully Compounded by CHAS. C. F. NIESCHANG, M. D., Oct 23-1m

L. JAXTHEIMER,
Merchant Tailor,
NO. 8 WEST WAYNE ST.,
Fort Wayne, Ind.
Oct. 23-43m

WANTED—Ladies that can knit, crochet or do fancy work to make goods for our trade at their homes in the city or country; \$5 (with weekly) easily made at our business; good as by mail any distance. Send in cents, silver or stamps, for sample, postage and particulars.
Hudson N.Y. Co., 265 Sixth Ave., New York.



FIRST EDITION.

1 O'CLOCK.

A MAN'S MADNESS

Blaine, Goaded to Desperation Over His Defeat, Striving to Incite Trouble in the Country.

The Law of New York on the Subject of Canvassing the Vote of the State.

New York Certainly for Cleveland—Guarding Against Fraud—The Vanderbilt's Letter.

In Blaine's Name.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—A dispatch from New York to the *Sunday Capital* says the republican state central committee of New York "asserts in the most emphatic language that Blaine would have carried New York had it not been that the national committee 'robbed' the campaign chest of the state committee so that we were as poor as church mice' in order that they might send money into New Jersey and Connecticut to no purpose whatever. All the money that the state committee had for New York was about \$35,000, which Levi P. Morton raised for them among his friends after his return from Europe. The state committee protested vigorously at the time against this insane policy. Its chairman went to Mr. Blaine himself about it, but the national committee was allowed to have its own way. Mr. Blaine is personally chargeable with all the doubt and agitation of the past week. A wire runs directly from the headquarters of the national committee to Mr. Blaine's house in Augusta. Over this wire Blaine, who seems maddened by his crushing defeat, talks almost constantly. He uses the committee as his mouth piece as freely as though it was his own tongue. Mr. Blaine has dictated every move made by the committee since Tuesday. He wrote the first proclamation published by the committee himself. The committee did not like the language of the proclamation as it came from Mr. Blaine, and toned it down a little. When it reached Augusta in print Mr. Blaine was so much displeased with the changes made by the committee that he telegraphed them excitedly, reproving them and declaring that they were a 'pack of fools.' This extraordinary dispatch and his subsequent dictatorial conduct and extravagant messages led some of the members of the committee to declare that it was an even question whether Blaine was enzy or simply engaged in a malicious attempt to stir up mischief in the country."

The Law Governing the Official Count in New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 10.—The returns as duplicated from the county clerks' offices are the ones which will be declared "official" on to-morrow when they are canvassed by the supervisors of the several counties. It to-morrow the

full returns are not in possession of any county clerk, the board of supervisors may adjourn until the following day and if full returns have not then been received they shall canvass all the returns they have. If in the canvass they shall discover obvious clerical mistakes in any district, the board of canvassers are empowered to depose one of their number to call together the election inspectors of the deficient districts, and they shall make the correction. It is expressly provided, however, that the inspectors "shall not at such meeting change or alter any decision before made by them, but shall only cause their canvass to be correctly made."

The board of supervisors have no power to go behind the returns. If there is any question concerning the actual count or return of a district, on application a justice of the supreme court may issue a mandamus requiring the inspectors of the district to make a correct count and return of votes, and this procedure, of course, involves a judicial investigation by the justice into the legality and fairness of the vote and of the count.

By means of duplicate certified copies, the law guards against the loss or miscarriage of a single copy and the delay it would cause. As soon as he has received the returns from all counties the secretary of state calls the board of canvassers together in Albany, and if all returns have not been received by November 10, he calls them together on that day and dispatches messengers to secure the missing county returns. If these are not obtained within five days the board reassembles and canvasses all the returns in its possession.

WHO THEY ARE.

The state board of canvassers consists of Secretary of State Carr, Comptroller Chapin, Attorney General O'Brien, State Treasurer Maxwell and State Engineer Sweet. Of these, all but General Carr are democrats. In the very remote contingency that a majority of them are not present, then Mayor Banks and Recorder Gould, of Albany, become members of the board under the law.

POWERS AND DUTIES.

The powers of the state board of canvassers are expressed in the statute, which reads:

"Upon such statements (the certified copies of county returns filed with the secretary of state) they shall then proceed to determine and declare what persons have been by the greatest number of votes duly elected."

Manifest fraud in the returns from any county can be prevented by application to the supreme court for a mandamus compelling a correct return from any county. If a member of the board objects to any of the proceedings of his colleagues he enters a protest or objection in full in writing. When the state board has reached its decision the secretary of state issues to those who have been decided to be chosen presidential electors copies of the determination of the board, under the seal of his office. Before Dec. 3 the secretary of state prepares three lists of the electors, to which the governor appends his signature, and the seal of the state is affixed, for the use of the electoral college. On Dec. 3 the electoral college casts the vote of the state.

The President-Elect Congratulated.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 10.—There was no diminution in the number of congratulatory dispatches that were received by President-elect Cleveland to-day. Colonel Linnott, the governor's private secretary, and several attaches of the office were constantly employed in opening and arranging the messages. At least four thousand of these have been

received during the last two or three days, and they have come from nearly every state in the union. The governor's mail is also exceedingly large. The executive mansion was thronged with visitors all day, and many of them shook the president elect by the hand. Among to-day's callers were Congressmen William Dorsheimer, ex-Secretary of the Treasurer Benjamin F. Bristow, ex-Senator Francis M. Bixby, Richard Vaux, Senator Michael C. Murphy, Col. John R. Fellows and others. Bernard Gilliam, one of the leading artists of *Puck*, also called and paid his respects to the governor.

A LETTER FROM VANDERBILT.

The following letter was received by the governor from William H. Vanderbilt:

Hon. Grover Cleveland:
MR. DEAR SIR—I congratulate you and the people of the whole country upon your election to the presidency of the United States. You owe your election, in my judgment, to the fact that the people believe you to be an honest man, and not to any particular efforts made by any faction of either the democratic or republican parties. Independent men, who care more for good government than for parties or individuals, have made your choice, because they were convinced that your administration would not be for the benefit of any political organization or favored persons, but for the interest of the whole people. This is just the result which is most desired. We have reached a time when party amounts to little. The country is above all and it wants an honest government by honest men. The belief that we will find it in you has led to your election.
W. H. VANDERBILT.
New York, Nov. 7, 1884.

Cleveland's Counsellors.

New York, Nov. 10.—The *World* says, editorially: "The affairs of the nation will be well managed by President Cleveland. He will probably have around him in his cabinet Randall, Lamar, McDonald, Bayard, Eaton or men of like character. Will the business interests of the country feel insecure with Randall at the head of the treasury? Will there be any doubt of the proper management of our relations with foreign countries, with Thurman, Bayard or Lamar as secretary of state?"

The Republicans Attempting Fraud.

New York, Nov. 10.—The democratic executive committee of this state, yesterday issued the following address:

NEW YORK HEADQUARTERS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.
HOREMAN HOUSE, NEW YORK, Nov. 9.
We deem it our duty to announce to the people of the state that the republican managers have, within the last forty-eight hours, conceived a new scheme for throwing again into dispute the result of the election in our state. For many days after the election they, in entire bad faith, claimed for the republican candidate several states which they knew they had not carried. In the same bad faith, when every source of information, including the Associated Press, has demonstrated that the vote of New York has been given to the Cleveland electors, they still claim the state.

No fact of history is now better known than that the results of the election as ascertained, declared and certified by the election officers and of public record throughout the state, give New York to the Cleveland electors by a decisive plurality. These publicly certified returns have been sifted in the several counties by both parties with the most conscientious care during the last few days, until every possible doubt as to the result has been removed. Knowing this fact they

now propose, as a last desperate resort, to make of the boards of county canvassers throughout the state who are controlled by them, so many returning boards, after the pattern not long since used by them in the southern states. Wherever the boards fail, then judicial orders are to be applied for, thus relying upon the partisanship of the boards in the first place and judges of their own political faith in the second, they intend and expect to throw again into dispute the result of the election, and involve it in indeterminate litigation. To this end printed papers have been sent by them to their agents and representatives in every county in the state of New York to be used with the courts whenever an occasion can be manufactured.

Of the entire reliability of our information, as to this scheme, there can be no question. We call upon the representatives of the party in the various counties of this state to be alert, and by every proper method resist and defeat this desperate device, and mindful of the grave consequences to the business interests of our state, which such a conspiracy necessarily involves, we deem it our duty to assure our people who have generally acquiesced in the result that by no such scheme or device will the state be deprived of the result of its deliberate choice. It may protract and hinder the determination, but it will not change the result. (Signed),

W. E. SMITH,

Chairman Executive Committee.

THE OPERA SEASON.

Successful Close of Miss Abbott's Engagement Here—The Nobility of Grand Opera in the Summit City.

The Emma Abbott grand opera company closed a notable engagement here Saturday night, by rendering Verdi's "Rigoletto" in splendid style. The company sang to the largest assembly of the season and certainly the temple management reserved the most pleasing operatic gem for the finale. Opera is a fresh novelty in Fort Wayne and the mannerism of the people attest it in every particular. The enthusiast who applauds at the wrong moment and that kind of aristocracy peculiar to rural retreats were notable features of the opera engagement. In fact most everything was overdone, but the popular impulses will be pruned by time, familiarity and propriety. Miss Abbott has surrounded herself with a strong company, but her repertoire is too elaborate for the honest little artist and her people. In light, bright, sparkling opera Miss Abbott is particularly pleasing and her support is more effective, but as in most opera companies the people have a faulty conception of their business, in the apparent forgetfulness that opera has such a thing as a dramatic side. Opera people are prone to arrange themselves like the chorus in a concert company, and forget that life and spirit are the most effective points in the presentation of opera. The enunciation in English opera is now so imperfect that the text is almost foreign to us if rendered in the purest Italian. Aid to this the stereotyped custom of pressing the hands on the region of the heart and you have a new picture of the ideal English opera. There is a growing feeling that every people should have opera in their own tongue, and yet what difference does it make when sung so no one can understand it? English opera is proper, but we will never have it until audiences can follow the text without a libretto and a map. Emma Abbott in "Rigoletto" was particularly happy and effective, as opera is sung, while Tagliapietra acted and sang the role of Rigoletto in a masterly style. Valentino Fallini and Wm. Broderick were also in good voice. The Abbott orchestra is totally inadequate, but in metropolitan cities the orchestra and chorus are strengthened by local talent. Still adverse experience is the best teacher and the temple management will be prepared to do better in the future.

2d Edition.

4.30 O'CLOCK.

WEAKENING.

The Republican Committee in Secret Session After Which Most of Them Go Home.

A Claim that Cleveland's plurality has been Reduced Denied—Struggling for What's Won.

The Board in Consultation.

New York, Nov. 10.—Messrs. Elkins, Jones, Ferrand and Senator Hobart, of New Jersey, were at the republican headquarters to-day in conference but the result of their deliberations was not made known. Chairman Warren, of the republican state committee, returns home this evening, and Voorman to-morrow. P. S. Draper will henceforth represent the committee in this city. Voorman said to-day that the democrats claim the state from the inside by 861 and that the democratic investigation of returns in this city has already lowered that amount to 436 by reason of errors against Mr. Blaine to the sum of 425 votes. At the democratic state headquarters this was not verified, an official stating that the democrats were now struggling for what is already won.

The Illinois Legislature.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Recent estimates as to the contest in the Illinois state legislature is that it will be a tie on joint ballot. The senate has a majority of one republican and the house a majority of one democrat. Contests are likely to ensue in three districts, which may reverse this condition of affairs. The situation is made more interesting from the fact that a successor to General Logan is to be selected.

Another Railway Across the Continent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—A Portland, Oregon, dispatch says: "To-day the rails on the O., K. & N. company's Baker City branch will be joined at Huntington with the Oregon short line, completing the fourth railway across the continent. It is thought that trains will commence running Nov. 23 or December 1."

Two of the Crew Drowned.

ST. JOHN, Nov. 10.—In a gale Saturday night the British schooner Northern Light and Elsie collided off North Head, North Carolina. Both sank immediately and two of the Elsie's crew were drowned.

Asked and Answered.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Nov. 10, 1884.

To the Editor of THE SENTINEL:

To decide a hot please state in this evening's issue of THE SENTINEL whether or not John Kelly, of New York, supported Tilden in 1876. What was the largest democratic majority in Allen county previous to this election?

SUBSCRIBER.

John Kelly produced figures at the convention of 1880 and 1884 to prove that he and Tammany supported Tilden. The largest majority given in Allen county previous to this election was in 1876 of Tilden, the figures being above 8,700.—ED. SENTINEL.

